Photoelectrics Amplifier Type \$142B..



Product Description

μ-processor controlled amplifier for one set of photoelectric through beam sensors, type MOF.., MMF.. and MNF (see separate datasheet for MMFTR15 and MOFT20). Utilizes an 11-pin circular plug for easy connection.

8 A SPDT relay output, NPN / PNP transistor output or

alarm output. Diagnostics for sensor test during operation. Alignment help via LED or alternation of alarm output. Level indication for dirt accumulation. Manual or automatic emitter power regulation. Two emitter codes available for high neighbour immunity. ON- or OFF delay adjustable up to 10 sec.

• µ-Processor controlled

- Amplifier relay for photoelectric switches
- Automatic or manual emitter power regulation
- Self-diagnostic functions
- Alignment help
- Rated operational voltage: 24 VAC/DC, 24 VAC, 115 VAC or 230 VAC
- Output 8 A/250 VAC SPDT relay and 100 mA NPN
- LED indication: Automatic gain, output, level, emitter or receiver fault

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S142 B RNN 924

Ordering Key

Type ______ Special function ______ Output type ______ (R-Relay, N-NPN, P-PNP, T-Test) Power supply _____

Type Selection

Function Ordering no. Ordering no. Ordering no. Ordering no. Supply: 24 VAC/DC Supply: 24 VAC Supply: 115 VAC Supply: 230 VAC NPN output & Test input S142 B RNT 924 S142 B RNT 115 S142 B RNT 230 S142 B RNN 924¹⁾ S142 B RNN 024¹⁾ S142 B RNN 115¹⁾ S142 B RNN 2301) NPN output & Alarm output PNP out., PNP Alarm & Test S142 B PPT 924 S142 B PPT 115 S142 B PPT 230

¹⁾ Amplifier replacement for S1421156xxx All amplifiers are provided with ON & OFF delay

Specifications

Rated operational voltage (U _B)			Alarm	NPN / PNP, 100 mA,	
Pins 2 & 10 230		195 to 265 VAC, 45 to 65 Hz		10-40 VDC	
	115 024 924	8 to 132 VAC, 45 to 65 Hz 0.4 to 27.6 VAC, 45 to 65 Hz 0.4 to 27.6 VAC/DC Class 2	Test input (Mute) Emitter Enabled	Delay on alarm 10 secNPNPNP> 5.0 VDC< V _{CC} - 3 VDC	
Rated operational pow AC supply	/er	3.3 VA	Emitter Disabled Imax @ 40 VDC	< 3.0 VDC > V _{CC} - 5 VDC 1 mA	
AC/DC supply		1.6 VA / 1.4 W	Protection output		
Delay on operate (t _v)		< 300 mS	transistor	Reverse polarity, short circuit	
Outputs				and transients	
Relay Rating (AgCdO)		μ (micro gap)	Supply to sensors		
Resistive loads	AC1	8 A / 250 VAC (2500 VA)	Emitter	Pins 5 & 7	
	DC1	0.2 A / 250 VDC (50 W)	Supply voltage (open loop)	15 V square wave	
	or	2 A 25 VDC (50 W)	Current	< 450 mA, short circuit	
Electrical life (typical) AC1		> 100.000 operations		protected	
Transistor output data			Output resistance	10 Ω	
Output current	(l _e)	< 100 mA @ 10-40 VDC (max. load capacity 100 nF)	Receiver Supply voltage (open loop)	Pins 6 & 8 5 VDC	
Voltage drop	(U _d)	< 2,5 VDC @ 100 mA	Short-circuit current	10 mA	
Output function Relay		Make or break on DIP-switch SPDT	Input resistance	470 Ω	
Transistor		NPN / PNP, 100 mA, 10-40 VDC			

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Specifications

Emitter power Power	Settings on DIP switch no 4, 50 % or 100 % range
Sensitivity adjustment Manual Automatic (Auto LED ON)	240° potentiometer Potentiometer settings fully counter clockwise
Max sensing distance	Maximum range indicated on photoelectric switch data- sheets in 100 % settings
Rated insulation voltage (U ₁)	250 VAC
Dielectric voltage	>2.0 KVAC (rms) (contacts / electronics)
Rated impulse withstand volt.	4 kV (1.2/50 µS) (contacts / electronics) (IEC 664)
Operating frequency (f) Light / Dark ratio 1:1 Relay output Transistor output	5 Hz min delay 5 Hz min delay

Response time OFF-ON (t _{ON}) ON-OFF (t _{OFF})	0.1 – 10 s 0.1 – 10 s
Environment Overvoltage category Degree of protection Pollution degree	III (IEC 60664) IP 20 /IEC 60529, 60947-1) 3 (IEC 60664/60664A, 60947-1)
Temperature Operating Storage	-20° to +50°C (-4° to +122°F) -50° to +85°C (-58° to +185°F)
Housing material	NORYL SE1, light grey
Weight AC supply AC/DC supply	200 g 125 g
Approvals	UL508, UL325*, CSA
CE marking	EN12445, EN12453**, EN12978

Must be approved in the final door installation

** EN12453 (apply only when using Carlo Gavazzi MOF sensors with 2 and 5 degree optical angle)

Specifications

Diagnostic

If a fault occurs on either the emitter or receiver the Alarm LED and output will turn ON.

Receiver fault

During normal operation the receiver is monitored for faults.

If the wires are short-circuited the "Code A, Yellow LED" flashes at a rate of 2 Hz. If the wires are broken the

"Code A, Yellow LED" flashes at a rate of 4 Hz.

Emitter fault

During normal operation the emitter is monitored for faults.

If the wires are short-circuited the "Code B, Green LED" flashes at a rate of 2 Hz. If the wires are broken the

"Code B, Green LED" flashes at a rate of 4 Hz.

Alignment

If the alignment DIP switch is set the Yellow Signal LED Flashes according to the signal quality.

Low frequency means weak signal.

Steady indication means maximum signal. On long distance it is not possible to get a steady signal but the alignment is optimal when the led flashes with the highest frequency. On short distance the sensitivity can be reduced using the potentiometer and then get better readings in the alignment LED.

The ALARM output will follow the Signal LED in alignment mode, so a Sensor tester (optional) can be connected to serve as a remote indication during alignment of the sensors.

NB! In alignment mode the output is off.

Code A or B

When two sensor pairs are mounted close to each other it is recommended to select one set to Code A and the other to Code B to minimize crosstalk.

Dirt reserve

For optimal detection excess gain settings can be selected using the Level Low/High DIP switch:

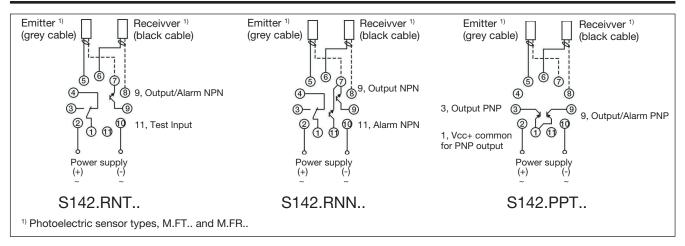
- High: Allows high dirt build-up.
- Low: Allows detection of semi-transparent objects.

Power settings

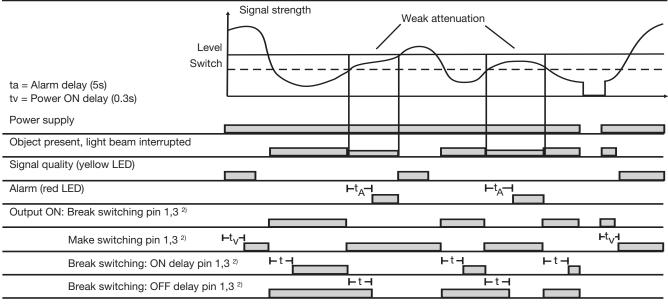
To avoid a too strong emitter the power can be reduced to 50% reducing the max distance to 25%

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Wiring Diagram

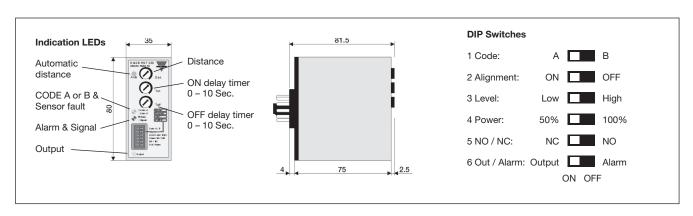


Operation Diagram



²⁾ Switching function selected by DIP-switch, inverted function on pin 1, 4

Dimensions





Connection to sensortester

Connection to sensortester ST-03 for alignment

	Sensortester			
	-	Signal	+	
RNT Pin no.	10	9		
RNN Pin no.	10	11		
PPT Pin no.		9	2	

Accessories

- 11 pole circular socket ZPD11
- Holding down springMounting rack
- HF SM13

• Front panel mounting bezel FRS2

Delivery Contents

- Amplifier
- Packaging: Carton box

Installation of industrial doors in compliance with the UL325 standard

Connections

- Connect the supply wires to the amplifier (for DC systems: + on terminal 2, on terminal 10).
- Make sure that the power is within the specified tolerances and employed as required by the local codes.

Mounting

- 1) When installing the sensors, make sure that the maximum range is not exceeded and - if 2 separate systems are mounted close to each other - place the sensors so cross-talk is avoided.
- 2) To protect the receiver and the transmitter against damage, proper fittings must be used in the installation.
- **3)** The amplifier must be mounted in an appropriate enclosure to protect it against mechanical as well as electrical damage and fire.
- 4) Do not apply power to the amplifier before the sensors are connected.
- 5) Connect the receiver and the emitter to the dedicated terminals.

- 6) Apply power to the amplifier.
- 7) The yellow LED's for the output should be ON (N.O.), OFF (N.C.) with no object present.
- Note: For systems with test input, be sure that the Emitter is enabled.
- 8) Interrupt the light beam and make sure that the yellow LED turns OFF (N.O), turns ON (N.C.).

For each door cycle:

The connected door controller must verify that the sensors operate properly, by testing the sensor function using the test input in at least one of the doors' end position.

CAUTION

Not for use and mounting as a separate accessory. Only for incorporation by a professional inside a door, drapery, gate, louver or window operator or system after evaluation of the combination (assembly) has shown compliance with the applicable standards.