Photoelectrics
Diffuse-reflective, Background Suppression
Type PD32CNB12

- **Miniature sensor range**
- **Range: 120 mm**
- **Sensitivity adjustment by Teach-In programming**
- **Modulated, red light 660 nm**
- **Supply voltage: 10 to 30 VDC**
- **Output: 100 mA, NPN or PNP preset**
- **Make and break switching function programmable**
- **LED for output indication, signal stability and power ON**
- **Protection: reverse polarity, short circuit and transients**
- **Cable and plug versions**
- **Compact housing**
- **Excellent EMC performance**

Product Description

The PD32CNB12 sensor family comes in a compact 12 x 32 x 20 mm reinforced PMMA/ABS-housing.
The sensors are useful in applications where high-accuracy detection as well as small size is required.

The Teach-In function for adjustment of the sensitivity makes the sensors highly flexible. The output type is preset (NPN or PNP), and the output switching function is programmable (NO or NC).

Ordering Key

PD32CNB12PPM5T

- **Type**
- **Housing style**
- **Housing size**
- **Housing material**
- **Housing length**
- **Detection principle**
- **Sensing distance**
- **Output type**
- **Output configuration**
- **Connection type**
- **Teach-In**

Type Selection

Housing W x H x D	Range S_n	Ordering no. NPN & PNP cable Make & break switching	Ordering no. NPN & PNP plug Make & break switching
12 x 32 x 20 mm	120 mm	**PD 32 CNB 12 NPT** **PD 32 CNB 12 PPT**	**PD 32 CNB 12 NPM5T** **PD 32 CNB 12 PPM5T**

Specifications

Rated operating distance (S_n)	Up to 120 mm, reference target Kodak test card R 27, white, 90% reflectivity, 100 x 100 mm
Blind zone	≤ 25 mm
Sensitivity	Adjustable by Teach-In (push button or wire)
Temperature drift	≤ 1%/°C
Hysteresis (H) (differential travel)	≤ 7% (grey scale displacement 90%/18%)
Rated operational volt. (U_B)	10 to 30 VDC (ripple included)
Ripple (U_{rpp})	≤ 10%
Output current Continuous (I_e) Short-time (I)	 ≤ 100 mA ≤ 100 mA (max. load capacity 100 nF)
No load supply current (I_o)	≤ 25 mA @ 24 VDC
Minimum operational current (I_m)	0.5 mA
OFF-state current (I_r)	≤ 100 µA
Voltage drop (U_d)	≤ 2.4 VDC @ 100 mA

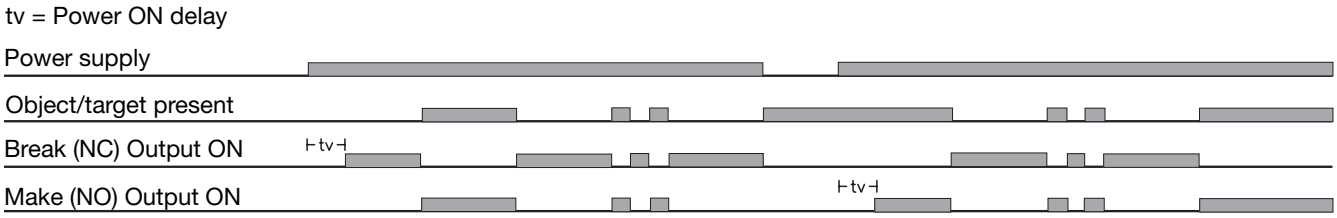
Protection	Short-circuit, reverse polarity and transients
Light source	GaAlAs, LED, 660 nm
Light type	Red, modulated
Sensing angle	± 2°
Ambient light	5,000 lux
Light spot	5 x 5 mm @ 60 mm
Operating frequency	1000 Hz
Response time OFF-ON (t_{ON}) ON-OFF (t_{OFF})	 ≤ 0.5 ms ≤ 0.5 ms
Power ON delay (t_v)	≤ 300 ms
Output function NPN and PNP NO/NC switching function	 Preset Set up by button
Indication Output ON Signal stability ON and power ON	 LED, yellow LED, green
Environment Installation category Pollution degree Degree of protection	 II (IEC 60664/60664A; 60947-1) 3 (IEC 60664/60664A; 60947-1) IP 67 (IEC 60529; 60947-1)

Specifications (cont.)

Ambient temperature	
Operating	-20° to +60°C (-4° to +140°F)
Storage	-20° to +80°C (-4° to +176°F)
Vibration	10 to 55 Hz, 0.5 mm/7.5 g (IEC 60068-2-6)
Shock	30 g / 11 ms, 3 pos, 3 neg per axis (IEC 60068-2-6, 60068-2-32)
Rated insulation voltage	500 VAC (rms)
Housing material	
Body	ABS, black
Front material	PMMA, red

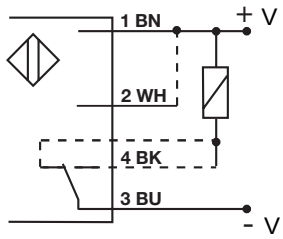
Connection	
Cable	PUR, black, 2 m 4 x 0.14 mm², Ø = 3.6 mm
Plug	M8, 4-pin
Weight	With cable: 40 g With plug: 10 g
CE-marking	Yes
Approval	cUL

Operation Diagram

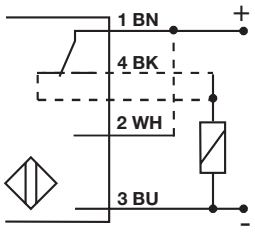


Wiring Diagrams

NPN



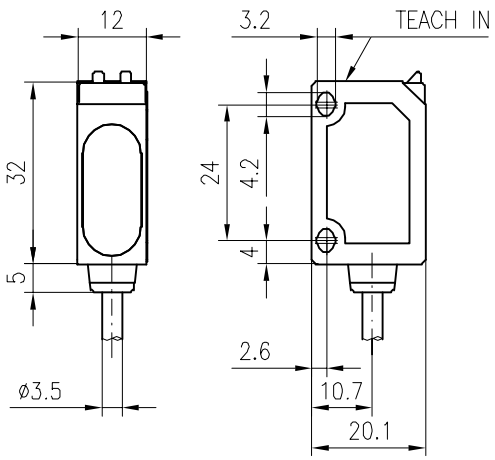
PNP



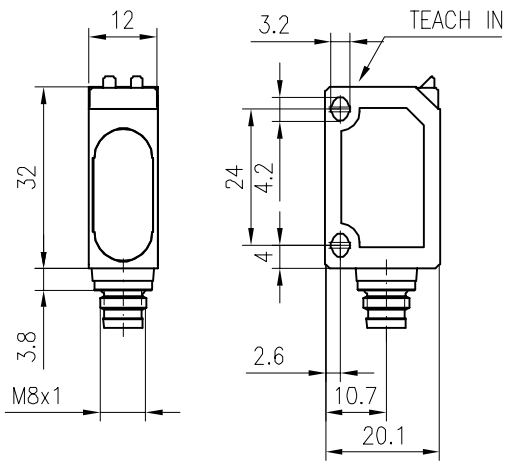
Teach input is active when 2 WH wire is connected to V+ (1 BN).

Dimensions

Cable version

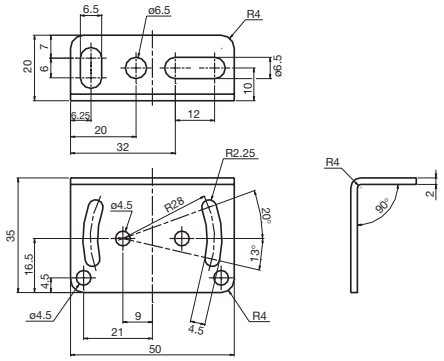


Plug version



Accessories

Mounting bracket APD32-MB1

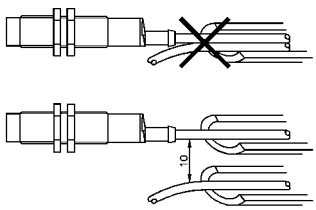
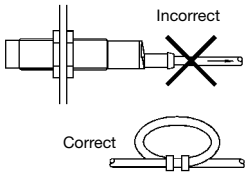
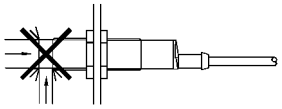
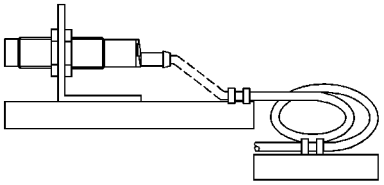


For further information refer to “Accessories”

Delivery Contents

- Photoelectric switch: PD 32 CNB 12 ...
- Installation instruction
- **Packaging:** Cardboard box

Installation Hints

To avoid interference from inductive voltage/ current peaks, separate the prox. switch power cables from any other power cables, e.g. motor, contactor or solenoid cables	*Relief of cable strain*	*Protection of the sensing face*	*Switch mounted on mobile carrier*
	 The cable should not be pulled	 A proximity switch should not serve as mechanical stop	 Any repetitive flexing of the cable should be avoided

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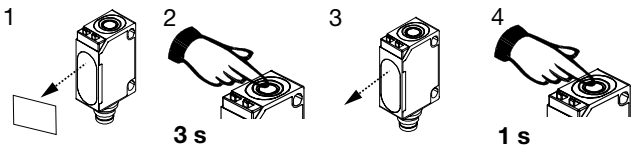
Adjustment

Sensitivity adjustment, with static object

1. Line up the sensor with the object. Yellow LED and green LED are ON.
2. Press the button for 3 s until both LED's flash simultaneously (the first switching point is stored).
3. Place the object outside the detection area.
4. Press the button for 1 s.
   a) The green LED flashes and stays ON: the second switching point is stored, and the sensor is ready to operate.
   b) Both LED's flash simultaneously: the sensor cannot detect the object, no switching points are stored.



Sensitivity adjustment, with only one object

1. Line up the sensor with the object. Yellow LED and green LED are ON.
2. Press the button for 3 s until both LED's flash simultaneously (the first switching point is stored).
3. Leave the object in the detection area, press the button for 1 s. The green LED flashes and stays on: the second switching point is stored, and the sensor is ready to operate.

Sensitivity adjustment, with a running process

1. Line up the sensor with the object. Green LED is ON. At this stage the status of the yellow LED can be ignored.
2. The running process must be the only "object" within the detection area. Press the button for 3 s until both LED's flash simultaneously.

   3 s
3. Press the button for at least the duration of one process cycle.

   1 cycle

   a) The green LED flashes and stays ON: both switching points have been stored, and the sensor is ready to operate.
   b) Both LED's flash simultaneously: the sensor cannot detect the object, no switching points are stored.

Programming of make and break switching function

1. Press the button for 13 s. **13 s**
   Both LED's flash alternately.
2. Release the button: the green LED flashes.
3. While the green LED flashes, the output is inverted each time the button is pressed. This is indicated by the yellow LED.
   When the button is not pressed for 10 s, the current output function is stored.
   The sensor is now ready for operation.

Default setting

1. No object in the detection area: Press the button for 3 s, until both LED's flash simultaneously. **3 s**
2. No object in the detection area:
   Press the button for 1 s. **1 s**
   The sensor is set to maximum sensitivity.

NB! The Teach Input (2 WH) will work similarly to the push button, active High.